

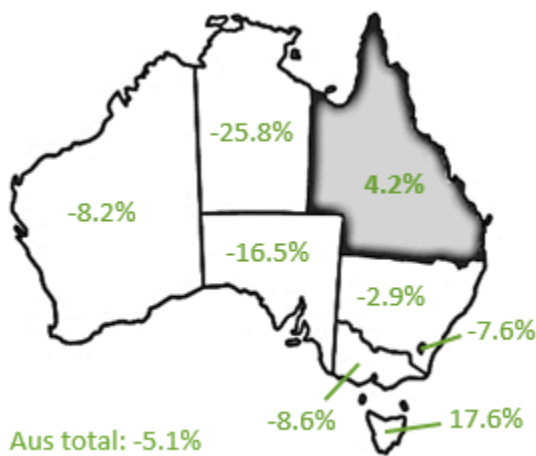


# Comparative Performance Monitoring Report for year ending 2018-19

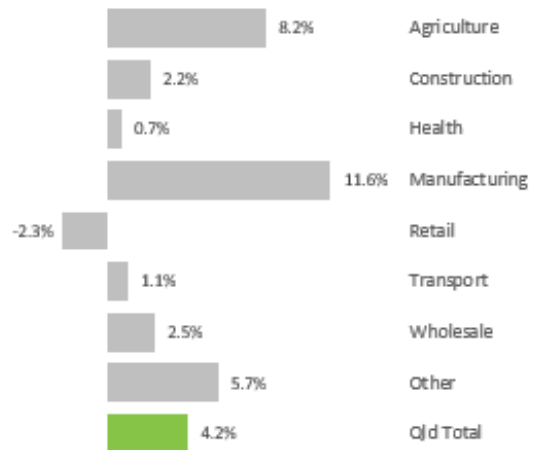
## Queensland's performance against other jurisdictions

This report summarises the findings of the Safe Work Australia Annual Comparative Performance Monitoring Report 22<sup>nd</sup> Edition (CPM 22 Part 1) for 2018-19 – published by Safe Work Australia in January 2021.

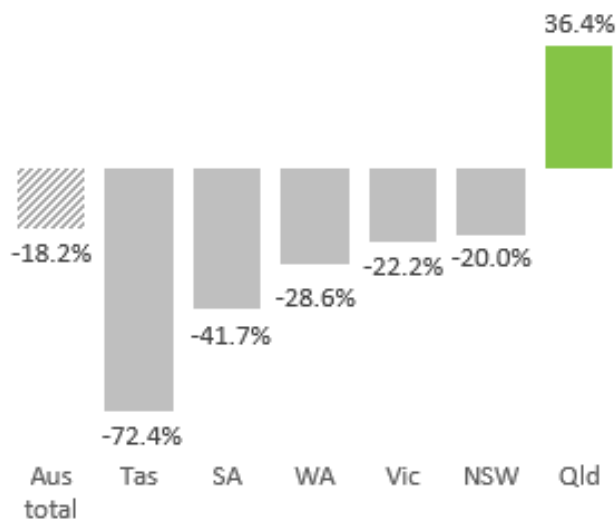
**Change in serious injury incidence rates by jurisdiction - 2014-15 to 2018-19p**



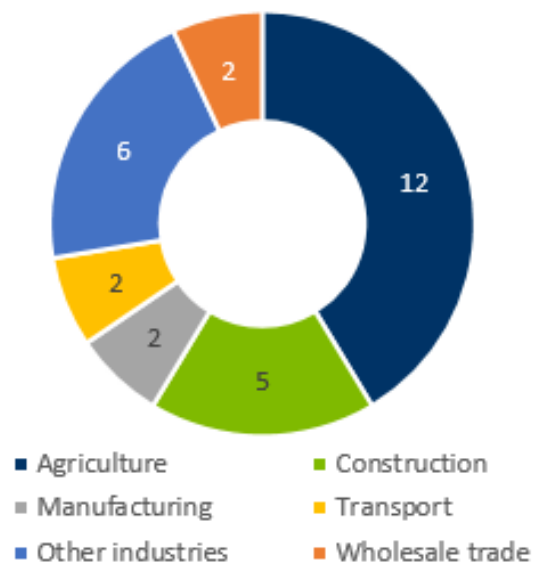
**Change in Queensland serious injury incidence rates by industry 2014-15 to 2018-19p**



**Change in work-related traumatic injury fatality rates by jurisdiction - 2014-15 to 2018-19p**



**Work-related traumatic injury fatalities by industry in Queensland 5 year average - 2014-15 to 2018-19p**



Produced by Data and Evaluation Services as at 22 February 2021



# Summary of the Safe Work Australia Annual Comparative Performance Monitoring Report

The Comparative Performance Monitoring (CPM) report is produced annually, around November/December, by Safe Work Australia to provide trend analysis on work health and safety and workers' compensation schemes operating in Australia and New Zealand.

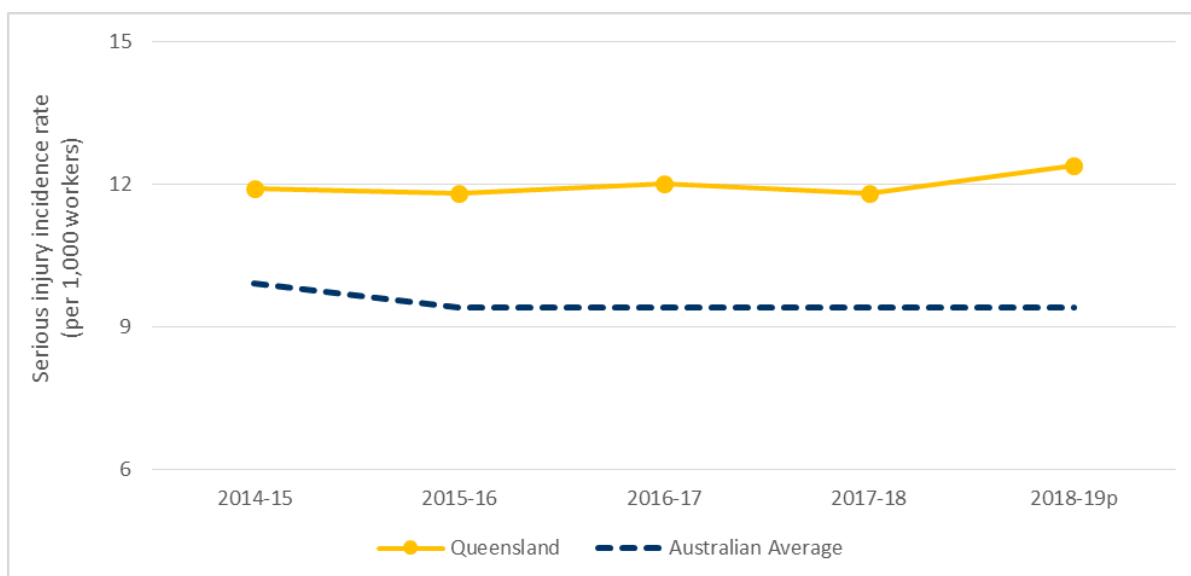
## Serious injury claims and serious injury incidence rate

According to the latest Comparative Performance Monitoring Report (CPM 22 Part 1),

Accepted workers' compensation claims for an incapacity that results in a total absence from work of one working week or more.

Queensland experienced an increase in the serious injury rate over the five year period from 2014-15 to 2018-19p.

### 1. Queensland serious injury incidence rate against the national average

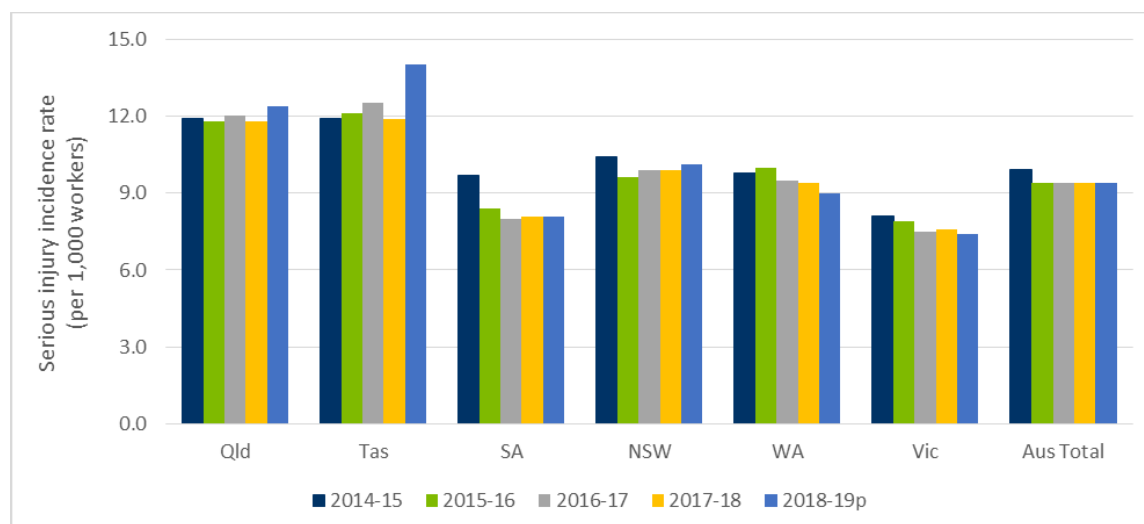


Note: Data for 2018-19 is preliminary (p) and subject to change when new data is available.

Queensland's increase of 4.2 per cent from 2014-15 to 2018-19 makes it the second highest increase out of the eight jurisdictions being measured across Australia.

The serious injury incidence rates for all jurisdictions are shown in figure 2.

## 2. Queensland's serious injury incidence rate against other jurisdictions



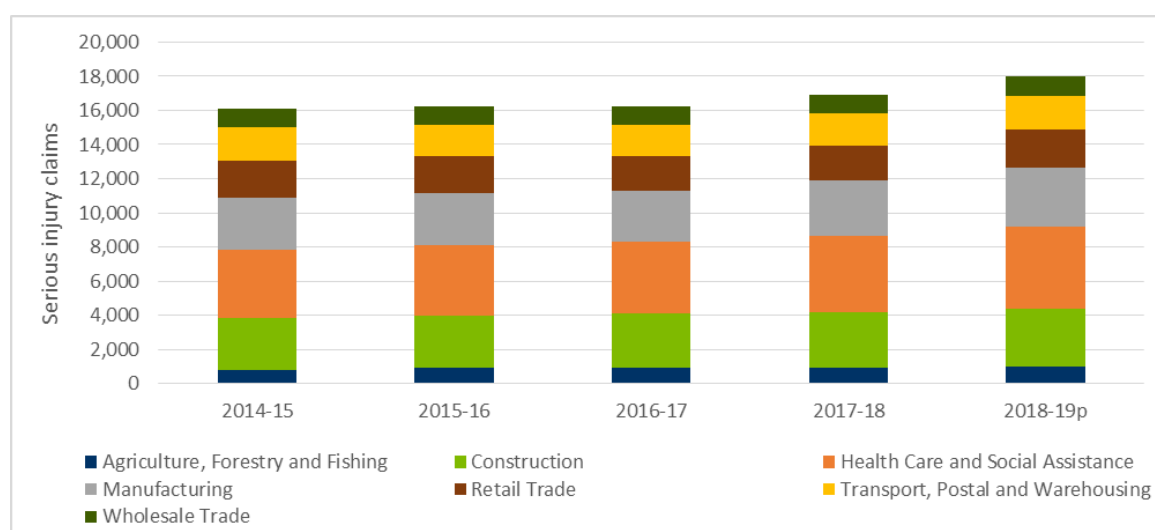
Note: Data for 2018-19 is preliminary (p) and subject to change when new data is available.

Table 3 shows the serious injury incidence rates for a selection of significant industries. Over the five year period 2014-15 to 2018-19 the majority of these industries have seen increases in the serious injury incidence rate. With exception of the retail trade industry which decreased 2.3 per cent over the five year period.

## 3. Queensland serious injury incidence rates by industry (per 1,000 workers)

Industry sector	2014-15	2018-19p	5 year average	% change 2014-15 to 2018-19p
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	23.1	25.0	22.8	8.2%
Construction	18.0	18.4	18.3	2.2%
Health Care and Social Assistance	13.7	13.8	13.6	0.7%
Manufacturing	19.8	22.1	20.3	11.6%
Retail Trade	8.8	8.6	8.5	-2.3%
Transport, Postal and Warehousing	18.7	18.9	17.8	1.1%
Wholesale Trade	16.3	16.7	16.9	2.5%
Other industries	8.7	9.2	8.9	5.7%
<b>Total</b>	<b>11.9</b>	<b>12.4</b>	<b>12.0</b>	<b>4.2%</b>

## 4. Queensland serious injury claims by industry 2014-15 to 2018-19p



## Work-related traumatic injury fatalities

Work-related traumatic injury fatalities (not on a public road). Includes fatalities from workers' compensation regulators, WHS regulators and the National Coronial Information System (NCIS).

CPM 22 Part 1 reported that the work-related traumatic injury fatality rate (per 100,000 workers) in Queensland increased from 1.1 in 2014-15 to 1.5 in 2018-19p. This is an increase of 36.4 per cent, which was above the reduction of the Australian average of 18.2 per cent over the same time period, and is the second highest increase across Australian jurisdictions. Table 5 shows the fatality numbers and rates by jurisdiction over the 5 year period.

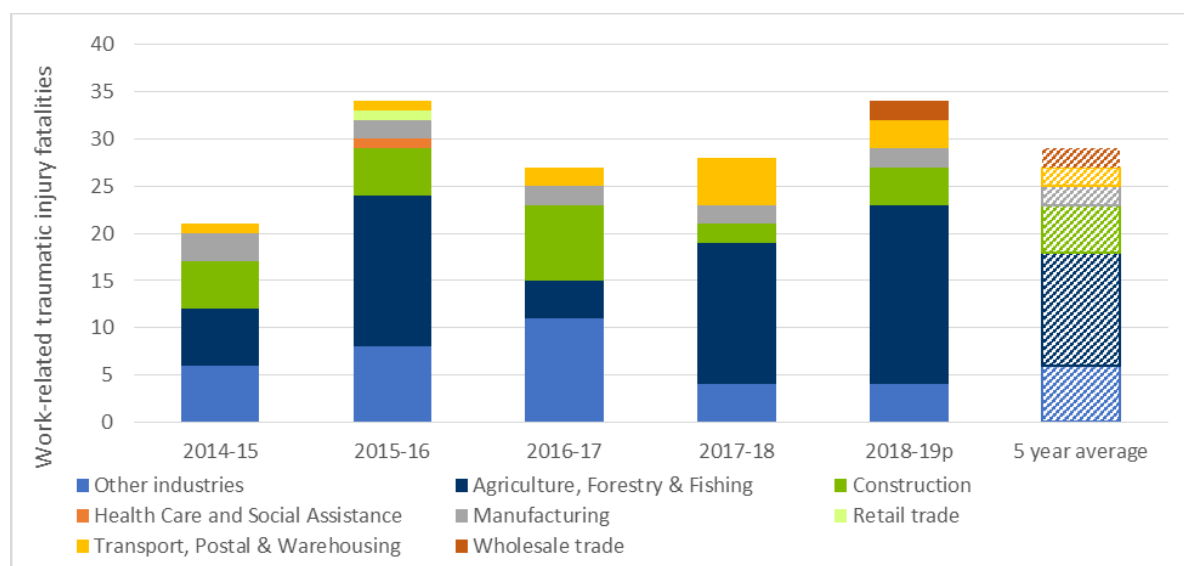
### 5. Queensland's work-related traumatic injury fatalities against other jurisdictions

	Traumatic injury fatality rate			Number of traumatic injury fatalities		
	2014-15	2018-19p	% change 2014-15 to 2018-19	2014-15	2018-19p	% change 2014-15 to 2018-19p
New South Wales	1.0	0.8	-20.0%	37	31	-16.2%
Victoria	0.9	0.7	-22.2%	25	25	0.0%
<b>Queensland</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>36.4%</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>52.0%</b>
Western Australia	1.4	1.0	-28.6%	19	13	-31.6%
South Australia	1.2	0.7	-41.7%	10	6	-40.0%
Tasmania	2.9	0.8	-72.4%	7	2	-71.4%
Northern Territory	0.8	3.0	275%	1	4	300%
Australian Capital Territory	0.0	0.4	-	0	1	-
<b>Australian total</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>-18.2%</b>	<b>124</b>	<b>120</b>	<b>-3.2%</b>

The number of work-related traumatic injury fatalities in Queensland increased by 52.0 per cent in the period 2014-15 to 2018-19 from 25 to 38 fatalities.

The industry with the highest average number of work-related traumatic injury fatalities per year between 2014-15 and 2018-19 was Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing (12), followed by Construction (5). Fatalities by industry are shown in figure 6 below.

### 6. Queensland work-related traumatic injury fatalities at the workplace by industry



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