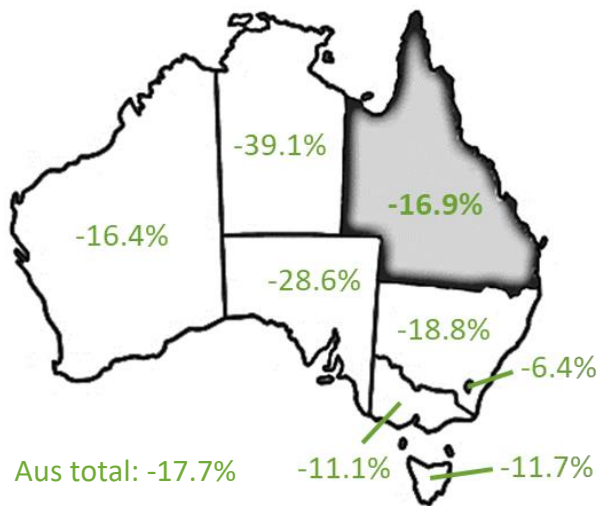


Comparative Performance Monitoring Report for year ending 2016-17

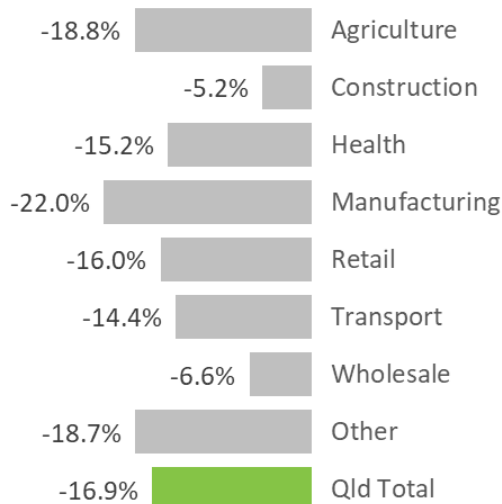
Queensland's performance against other jurisdictions

This report summarises the findings of the Safe Work Australia Annual Comparative Performance Monitoring Report 20th Edition (CPM 20 Part 1) for 2016-17 – published by Safe Work Australia in December 2018.

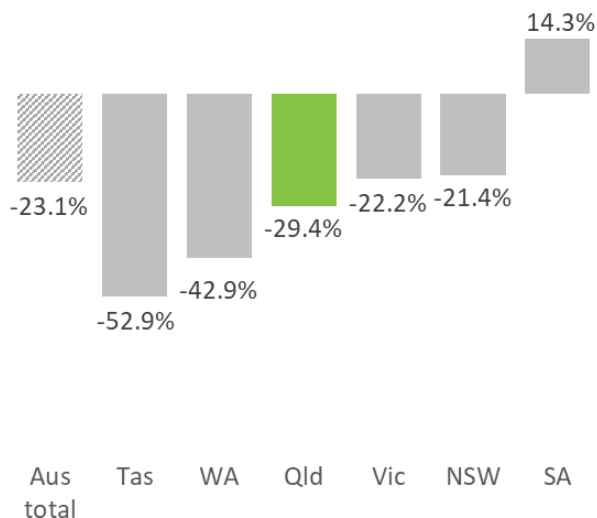
Reduction in serious injury incidence rates by jurisdiction - 2012-13 to 2016-17



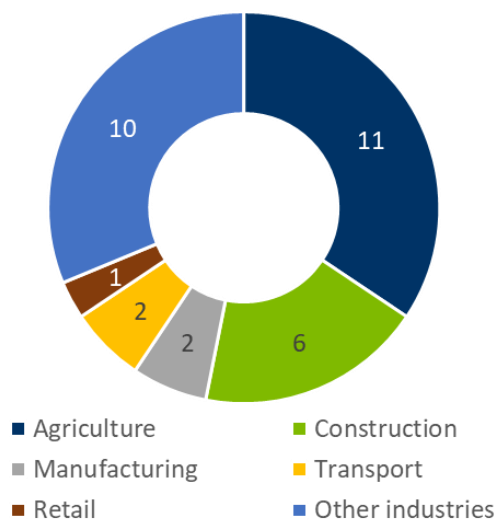
Reduction in Queensland serious injury incidence rates by industry 2012-13 to 2016-17



Change in work-related traumatic injury fatality rates by jurisdiction - 2012-13 to 2016-17



Work-related traumatic injury fatalities by industry in Queensland 5 year average - 2012-13 to 2016-17



Summary of the Safe Work Australia Annual Comparative Performance Monitoring Report

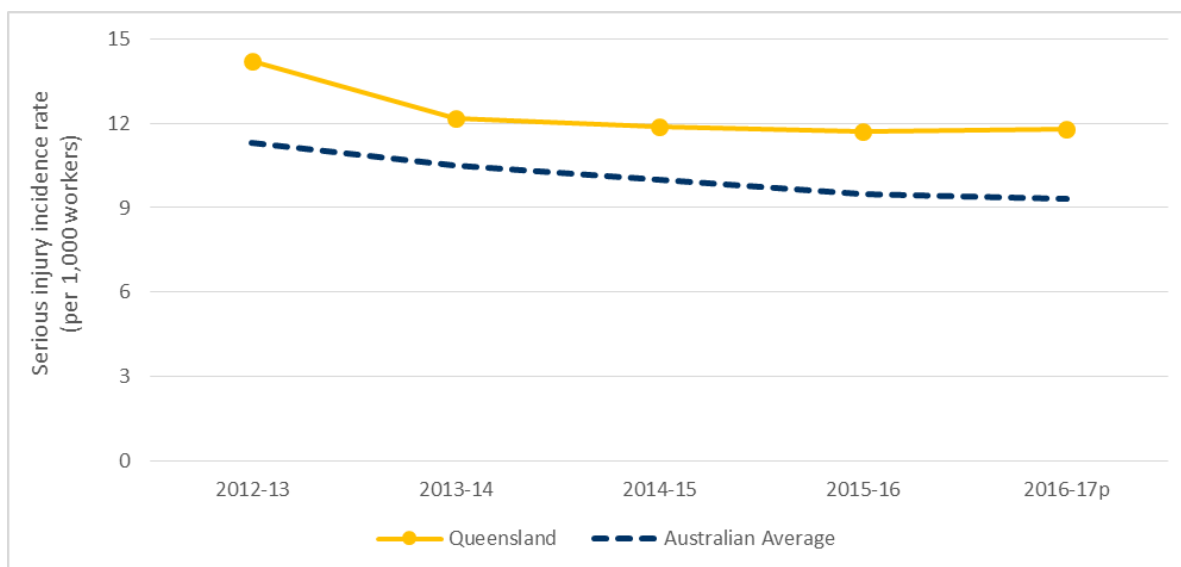
The Comparative Performance Monitoring (CPM) report is produced annually, around November/December, by Safe Work Australia to provide trend analysis on work health and safety and workers' compensation schemes operating in Australia and New Zealand.

Serious injury claims and serious injury incidence rate

Accepted workers' compensation claims for an incapacity that results in a total absence from work of one working week or more.

According to the latest Comparative Performance Monitoring Report (CPM 20 Part 1), Queensland experienced a reduction in the serious injury rate each year from 2012-13 to 2015-16, and remained stable in 2016-17. The Queensland serious injury claim incidence rate had an overall reduction of 16.9 per cent over the period.

1. Queensland serious injury incidence rate against the national average



Note: Data for 2016-17 is preliminary and subject to change when new data is available.

Queensland's reduction of 16.9 per cent from 2012-13 to 2016-17 makes it the fourth highest reduction out of the eight jurisdictions being measured across Australia.

The serious injury incidence rates for all jurisdictions are shown in figure 2.

2. Queensland's serious injury incidence rate against other jurisdictions

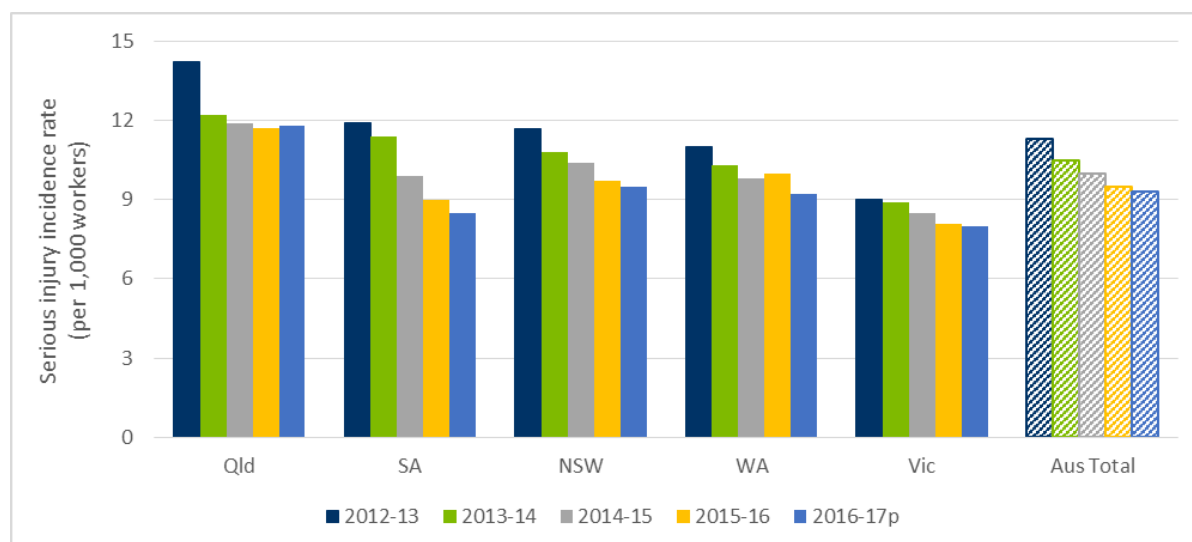
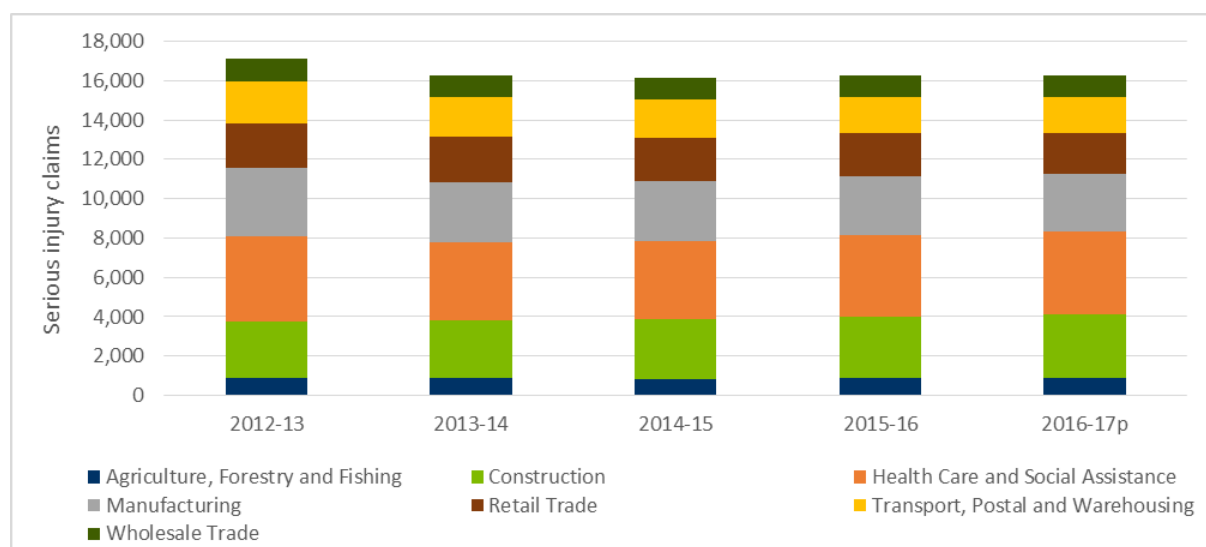


Table 3 shows the serious injury incidence rates for a selection of significant industries. Over the five year period 2012-13 to 2016-17 all of these industries have seen reductions in the serious injury incidence rate.

3. Queensland serious injury incidence rates by industry (per 1,000 workers)

Industry sector	2012-13	2016-17p	5 year average	% change 2012-13 to 2016-17
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	27.2	22.1	24.6	-18.8%
Construction	19.4	18.4	18.3	-5.2%
Health Care and Social Assistance	16.4	13.9	14.3	-15.2%
Manufacturing	24.1	18.8	20.0	-22.0%
Retail Trade	10.0	8.4	9.0	-16.0%
Transport, Postal and Warehousing	20.9	17.9	18.7	-14.4%
Wholesale Trade	18.3	17.1	17.1	-6.6%
Other industries	10.7	8.7	9.2	-18.7%
Total	14.2	11.8	12.4	-16.9%

4. Queensland serious injury claims by industry 2012-13 to 2016-17p



Work-related traumatic injury fatalities

Work-related traumatic injury fatalities (not on a public road). Includes fatalities from workers' compensation regulators, WHS regulators and the National Coronial Information System (NCIS).

CPM 20 Part 1 reported that the work-related traumatic injury fatality rate (per 100,000 workers) in Queensland reduced from 1.7 in 2012-13 to 1.2 in 2016-17. This is a reduction of 29.4 per cent, which was above the reduction of the Australian average of 23.1 per cent over the same time period, and is the third highest reduction across Australian jurisdictions. Table 5 shows the fatality numbers and rates by jurisdiction over the five year period.

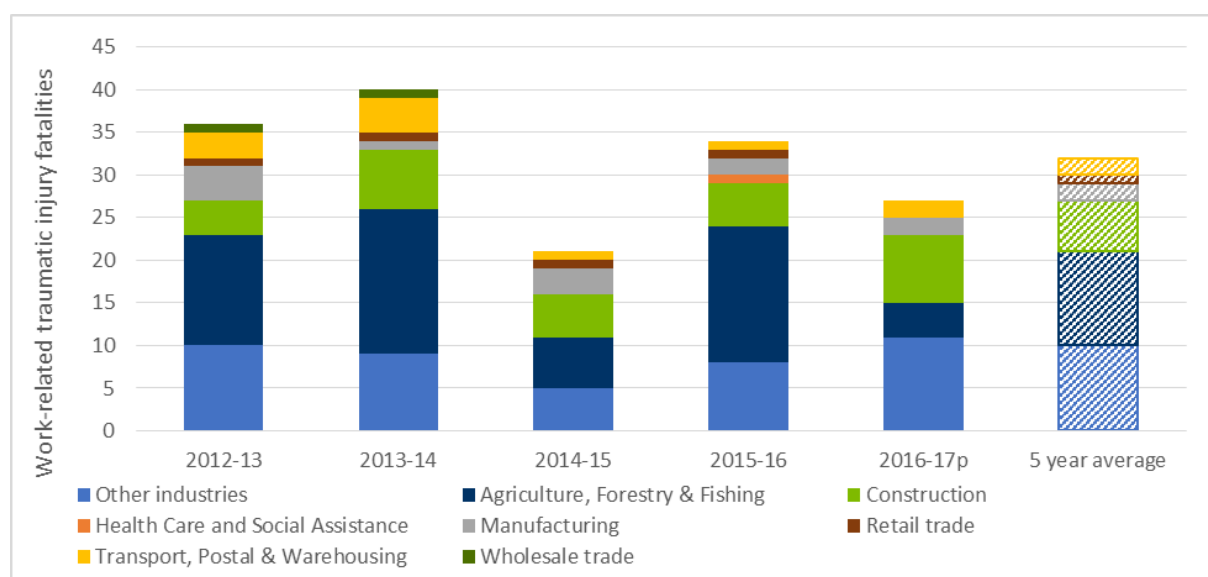
5. Queensland's work-related traumatic injury fatalities against other jurisdictions

	Traumatic injury fatality rate			Number of traumatic injury fatalities		
	2012-13	2016-17p	% change 2012-13 to 2016-17	2012-13	2016-17p	% change 2012-13 to 2016-17
New South Wales	1.4	1.1	-21.4%	51	41	-19.6%
Victoria	0.9	0.7	-22.2%	26	23	-11.5%
Queensland	1.7	1.2	-29.4%	39	28	-28.2%
Western Australia	1.4	0.8	-42.9%	18	11	-38.9%
South Australia	1.4	1.6	14.3%	11	13	18.2%
Tasmania	1.7	0.8	-52.9%	4	2	-50.0%
Northern Territory	0.8	2.2	175.0%	1	2	100.0%
Australian Capital Territory	0.5	0.9	80.0%	1	2	100.0%
Australian Total	1.3	1.0	-23.1%	151	122	-19.2%

The number of work-related traumatic injury fatalities in Queensland decreased by over a quarter (28.2 per cent) from 2012-13 to 2016-17 from 39 to 28 fatalities.

The industry with the highest average number of work-related traumatic injury fatalities per year between 2012-13 and 2016-17 was Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing (11), followed by Construction (6). Fatalities by industry are shown in figure 6 below.

6. Queensland work-related traumatic injury fatalities at the workplace by industry



The material presented in this publication is distributed by the Queensland Government for information only and is subject to change without notice. The Queensland Government disclaims all responsibility and liability (including liability in negligence) for all expenses, losses, damages and costs incurred as a result of the information being inaccurate or incomplete in any way and for any reason. © State of Queensland 2019