**Dangerous goods compatibility guide**

**Product identifier**

**Identity and proportion of each ingredient**

A signal word: This indicates the severity of the hazard. Warning is used for less severe hazards while Danger means severe hazards.

A pictogram: A pictogram is a symbol that is intended to quickly convey special information about the hazards of chemicals. It is a black symbol on a white background within a red diamond.

A hazard statement: This brief and to-the-point message describes the nature of the hazard, such as “Fatal if swallowed.”

A precautionary statement: Here’s where you will learn how to respond in case of exposure and how to store the chemical properly.

Contact details of Australian manufacturer or importer

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**Key**

**SEPARATE**

Dangerous goods of these two classes should be kept apart by at least three metres or other suitable control measures. Consult safety data sheet (SDS) or supplier.

**SEgregate**

Dangerous goods of these two classes are likely to interact with each in such a way as to significantly increase risk and should not be kept in the same area unless it can be demonstrated that the risks can be fully controlled. Consult SDS for further guidance.

**ISOLATE**

Dedicated stores or storage cabinets are recommended. Adequate separation from other buildings and boundaries is required. Consult SDS for further guidance.

**Refers to SDS**

Segregation of these two classes may be necessary. Refer to the SDS for further guidance. All Class 9 dangerous goods should be segregated in accordance with the SDS.

**OK**

Dangerous goods of the same class have similar primary hazards and are usually considered compatible. Consult with the SDS or supplier about requirements for individual substances.
ADG Code
The ADG Code only applies to road and rail transport of dangerous goods and is given its authority by its incorporation into state and territory transport legislation. The ADG Code is referred to in the WHS Regulation for placarding and manifest purposes at workplaces. GHS labelling is suitable on internal packaging for goods in transit. However, an ADG symbol may be substituted for a GHS pictogram where the ADG class symbol represents the same hazard to meet transport requirements.

GHS
The WHS Regulation applies to the use, handling and storage of hazardous chemicals at a workplace. This means that the GHS applies once the chemical, which may have been a dangerous good in transit, is in use at the workplace. Hazardous chemicals that are consumer products used in the workplace in a manner consistent with household use are exempt from GHS labelling requirements. Refer to the WHS Regulation for further exemptions to labelling.

ADG Code vs GHS
The ADG Code provides information targeted at managing immediate hazards, such as emergency situations during transport, whereas the GHS provides information regarding the use, handling and storage of a chemical at the workplace (physical and health hazards).

Further information is available at worksafe.qld.gov.au or 1300 362 128.